



# QUALIFICATIONS PACK - OCCUPATIONAL STANDARDS FOR GEMS & JEWELLERY INDUSTRY



# Contents

1.	Introduction and Contact	. P1
2.	Qualifications Pack	P2
3.	OS Units	. P3
4.	Glossary of Key Terms	.P33
5	Nomenclature of OP & NOS	P35

#### Introduction

#### **Qualifications Pack-Kundan-Jadau Goldsmith**

**SECTOR:** GEMS & JEWELLERY

SUB-SECTOR: Handmade gold and gems-set jewellery

**OCCUPATION:** Gold smithy (Specialised)

**REFERENCE ID:** G&J/Q0901

**ALIGNED TO:** NCO-2004/ 7313.30

**Kundan-Jadau Goldsmith:** Also known as 'Kundan Goldsmith', the Kundan-Jadau Goldsmith makes specialised gold jewellery using, gold alloy, 24 karat gold, silver and gemstones set in closed setting or Jadau style.

**Brief Job Description:** The individual at work works with hand and machine tools to create specialised jewellery of gold using wax, pure silver and gold foil, enamel paint, gemstones and flat diamonds. It is a highly creative job role.

**Personal Attributes:** The job requires the individual to have: aptitude for design; attention to details; good eyesight; steady hands; ability to work for long hours in sitting position; and a lot of patience. The individual must also be able to use reflective skills in order to develop improved designs and work processes, and analytical skills to avoid errors and hazards.

# What are Occupational Standards(OS)?

- OS describe what individuals need to do, know and understand in order to carry out a particular job role or function
- OS are performance standards that individuals must achieve when carrying out functions in the workplace, together with specifications of the underpinning knowledge and understanding

# Contact Us:

GJSCI, Mumbai

E-mail: coo@gjsci.org







Qualifications Pack Code	G&J/Q0901		
Job Role	Goldsmith – Kundan-Jadau		
Credits(NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Sector	Gems & Jewellery	Drafted on	24/08/13
Sub-sector	Handmade and Gems-set Jewellery	Last reviewed on	13/08/14
Occupation	Gold smithy (Specialised)	Next review date	12/08/15

Job Role	Goldsmith - Kundan-Jadau Also known as 'Kundan Goldsmith'
Role Description	Making traditional Rajasthani jewellery using gold alloy, enamel paint and gemstones, and setting flat diamond or glass (polki) using kundan (24K gold) foil and silver foil
NVEQF/NVQF level	4
Minimum Educational Qualifications  Maximum Educational Qualifications	Preferably 10 <sup>th</sup> standard passed
Training	Not Applicable
Experience	Preferably 3 years as components maker, i.e., Goldsmith (basic)
Applicable National Occupational Standards (NOS)	Compulsory:  1. G&J/N0904 Make components, frame, Kundan (24K gold) and Silver foils  2. G&J/N0905 Engrave pattern and apply enamel  3. G&J/N0803 Set gemstones using Jadau technique and string  4. G&J/N9910 Maintain IPR and respect copyright  5. G&J/N9912 Coordinate with co-workers  6. G&J/N9914 Maintain safe work environment  Optional: Not applicable
Performance Criteria	As described in the relevant OS units

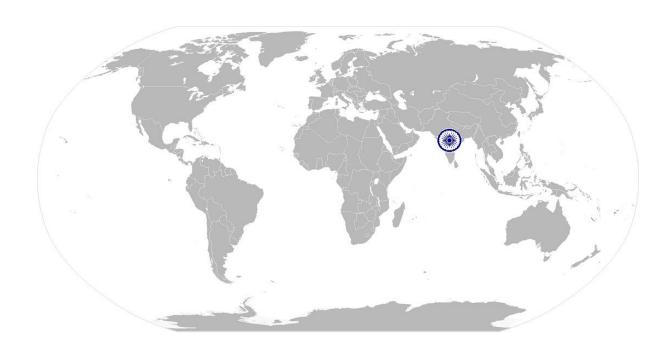






Make components, frame, Kundan (24K gold) and Silver foils

# National Occupational Standard



# **Overview**

This unit is about making the different jewellery components by hand and linking them to form the jewellery frame. It is also about making thin pure gold and silver foils for use in the closed (Jadau) setting of gemstones or flat diamonds.







# Make components, frame, Kundan (24K gold) and Silver foils

Unit Code	G&J/N0904
Unit Title (Task)	Make components, frame, Kundan (24K gold) foil and Silver foil
Description	This OS unit is about making <i>Kundan</i> jewellery along with enamelling and <i>Jadau</i> (closed) setting using components and gemstones
Scope	This unit/task covers the following:
	Order precious metal or alloy for making components
	Draw wire, strip or sheet
	Make Kundan (24K gold) foil or Silver foil
	Anneal the wire or strip or sheet for malleability while drawing or rolling
	Make components
	Make the frame
	File the frame components for finishing
	Control precious metal loss
	Detect product defects and return completed wire to supervisor
	Report problems in time

# Performance Criteria(PC) w.r.t. the Scope

Element	Performance Criteria
Preparing for making Kundan-Jadau jewellery	Performance Criteria  To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to: PC1. understand specifications in terms of required components, e.g., wires or chains, sheets, balls, collets  PC2. understand dimensions required such as thickness of wire, size and shape of ball, and depth and shape of collet  PC3. assess quantity of precious metal or alloy required for making the components  PC4. roll metal bars/ingots to the appropriate thickness using wire drawing or rolling machine  PC5. sharpen one end of the metal bar / rolled wire to ease the insertion of metal bar / rolled wire into draw-plate cavity / hole  PC6. push the metal through the draw-plate and then draw it out using force, so as to thin the wire step by step  PC7. repeat the process through consecutive small holes to get the required
	thickness of wire PC8. pass metal through roller machine or mill to make into strips or sheet of appropriate thickness
Making Kundan	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:  PC9. roll 24 karat gold metal into thin leaf by repeatedly using rolling machine and hammering  PC10. roll silver metal into thin leaf using rolling machine  PC11. heat treat / anneal the sheets / wire and pickle it (pickling is boiling in approximately 10% sulphuric acid solution, awareness of hazard notes is must), after pickling, rinse it in plain or mild alkaline water







# Make components, frame, Kundan (24K gold) and Silver foils

	PC12. make rolls of thin leaf of gold and silver
	PC13. assess whether the wire or strip type (e.g., spring) requires annealing
	PC14. treat the wire or strip with heat using gas torch or furnace
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	PC15. set temperature according to the thickness of the wire or strip
	PC16. remove the wire or strip from heat and quench in water to cool immediately
	PC17. repeat the heating and cooling process after every drawing or rolling
Making components	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:
and frame	PC18. solder the ends to shape as a ring
	PC19. connect pieces of wire together to make the chain as per design using the
	weaving or soldering method as specified
	PC20. to make ball, cut the sheet or strip as per the diameter of the ball
	PC21. create two hemispheres of the ball and lock and join them by heating
	PC22. or use hollow ball making machine to make gold balls from sheets
	PC23. or fire small wire pieces on glass cotton to make small sized balls
	PC24. connect the ends of sheet to make collet, give shape as per design and solder
	PC25. check symmetry of design
	PC26. lay the components and frame pieces on wax or lac and set in Plaster of Paris
	(PoP) mixture or customised jigs
	PC27. solder components to link to form frame as per design on both sides
	PC28. remove PoP, level and strengthen joint wax or lac
	PC29. send completed frame for cleaning with brush and water or chemical solution
	PC30. make components of required dimensions such as size and thickness
	PC31. make components of required finish and evenness
	PC32. draw or roll metal without overdrawing or splitting or cracking
	PC33. anneal the wire, strips and sheets for required malleability for the thickness
	required
	PC34. limit precious-metal loss of damaged metal rod or wire
	PC35. cut any sharp edges as per design
	PC36. file for smooth finish of joined periphery as per the design requirement
	PC37. file or grind outer surface for smoothness and required finish
	PC38. file for correct dimensions, e.g., length, bend, flexibility, colour, evenness, size
	and embellishments to be fitted
	PC39. accurately link the ends to form even rings, collets or chains of required
	dimensions
	PC40. link, solder and file the components into frame of required finish and utility
	PC41. achieve required flexibility, utility and symmetry of frame as per design
	PC42. meet productivity target
	PC43. complete work with minimum hazards and accidents
Controlling precious	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:
metal loss and	PC44. collect precious metal dust or fragments dispersed during the day
checking quality	PC45. tally account as per allowed standards for wire making
Silvering quality	PC46. conduct regular cleaning for collection of gold as per company policy
	PC47. identify the type of defect, e.g., damaged beyond repair
	PC48. handover defective components to supervisor for melting or use elsewhere
	1 C40. Haridover defective components to supervisor for mething of use eisewhere







# G&J/N0904 Make components, frame, Kundan (24K gold) and Silver foils

	PC49. rework on any quality check feedback and return		
	PC50. ensure timely delivery		
Reporting problems	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:		
	PC51. report equipment/machine failure		
	PC52. inform about tools shortage and their maintenance related issues		
	PC53. report reasons for anticipated delays that may adversely affect delivery		
	PC54. report reasons for anticipated delays that may adversely affect delivery		
	time by reporting well in advance, any problems faced or anticipated		
Managed and Harden			
Knowledge and Unders			
A. Organizational	The individual on the job needs to know and understand:		
Context	KA1. company's policies on: Acceptable limits of precious metal loss per product		
(Knowledge of the	type; delivery timelines; safety and hazards; security; and personnel		
company /	management		
	KA2. work flow involved in company's jewellery manufacturing process, i.e., from		
organization and	one goldsmith to another		
its processes)	KA3. importance of the individual's role in the workflow		
	KA4. reporting structure		
	1 0		
B. Technical	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:		
Knowledge	KB1. uses of different types of tools used in wire drawing and rolling such as ruler,		
	draw plates, pliers, hammer, bench block, cup bur, cutter, roller machine		
	KB2. gold and silver foil packing		
	KB3. properties of gold and silver leafs		
	KB4. different types of wax or lac and their use		
	KB5. precious-metal or gold alloy properties such as strength and malleability		
	KB6. heat treatments and intensity effect with respect to different types of gold		
	alloys, e.g., 18K gold requires less annealing than 10K or springs need		
	different treatment than annealing		
	KB7. potential work hazards, particularly, when using hand and machine tools		
Skills (S) [Optional]	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
A. Core Skills/	Basic reading and writing skills		
Generic Skills	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how:		
	SA1. to read notes and put notes on design		
	Measuring skills		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how:		
	SA2. to assess the material requirement for making wires of specified length and		
	thickness		
	SA3. to use gauge check the thickness of wire		
	SA4. to check symmetry of component made		
B. Professional Skills	Using tools and machines		
D. FIDIESSIDIIAI SKIIIS	<u> </u>		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how:		
	SB1. to use roller machine for drawing wire or strip		
	SB2. to use tools for drawing wire such as: Gas torch or furnace for annealing wire		
	or strip; drawing tongs and draw plate for thinning diameter of wire and		







# Make components, frame, Kundan (24K gold) and Silver foils

G&3/110/04	wake components, traine, trained (241x gold) and briver tons
	required shape; wax or oil for lubrication
	SB3. to use tools such as files and pliers
	SB4. to use the right hole in draw plate and at correct angle for achieving the finish
	as per design
	SB5. to maintain tools and machines used
	SB6. to use technology such as computer for visual aid and efficient working
	Reducing precious metal loss
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:
	SB7. prescribed precious-metal loss for the entire jewellery piece
	SB8. Precious-metal loss applicable for the component
	SB9. how to reduce precious metal loss below the prescribed standards
	SB10. how to collect broken or over rolled pieces, account in job sheet and return
	SB11. how to follow company's policies on collecting gold dust and fragments
	SB12. how to suggest improvements in order to reduce precious metal loss limits
	Reflective thinking
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SB13. work in sitting or standing for long hours position with correct posture
	SB14. maintain clean work environment and organise tools for ease of use
	Critical thinking
	The user/individual on the job needs to knowind understand how:
	SB15. to spot process disruptions and delays
	SB16. to avoid hazards when using roller machine or draw plate or during annealing







# Make components, frame, Kundan (24K gold) and Silver foils

NOS Code		G&J/N0904	
Credits(NSQF) [OPTIONAL]	тво	Version number	1.0
Industry	Gems & Jewellery	Drafted on	14/04/13
Industry Sub-sector	Handmade Gold and Gems-set Jewellery	Last reviewed on	13/08/14
		Next review date	12/08/15



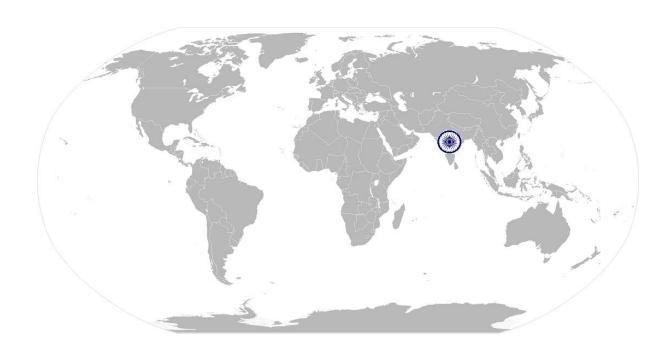




Engrave pattern and apply enamel



# National Occupational Standard



# **Overview**

This unit is about is about painting vibrant colour patterns on jewellery frame using enamel paints. It is also about drawing the design on to the gold sheet and engraving or etching it out for applying the enamel paint.







# Engrave pattern and apply enamel paint

Unit Code	G&J/N0905
Unit Title (Task)	Engrave pattern and apply enamel paint
Description	This OS unit is about applying enamel paint on the back and front sides of the jewellery frame as per design
Scope	<ul> <li>This unit/ task covers the following:</li> <li>Receive work from supervisor</li> <li>Prepare gold jewellery surface for enamel paint application</li> <li>Prepare the enamel</li> <li>Apply enamel paint on gold jewellery surface</li> <li>Fire, retouch and finish</li> <li>Detect product defects</li> <li>Check quality and return</li> </ul>

# Performance Criteria(PC) w.r.t. the Scope

Element	Performance Criteria
Engraving and	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:
	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to: PC1. receive the design from supervisor and understand the enamelling requirement, i.e., colour combinations, type of surface to be prepared, areas for enamel painting, delivery schedule and methodology to use PC2. order consumables such as enamel lumps, acids and chemicals, brush, handling tools, safety gear and take stock of equipment such as kiln or furnace or oven or gas torch PC3. receive the jewellery to be enamelled PC4. prepare jewellery surface for adhesion, uniform firing and even colour distribution PC5. stick gold sheet on hot wax; draw the design on wax using a pointed needle; and engrave or scoop out metal from the sheet; remove wax PC6. chisel the surface to be painted using chisel or graver for sparkling finish of large base area or buff the surface for glossy finish or cut motifs PC7. prepare enamelling area of even thickness in order to achieve even spread of enamel while firing PC8. prepare surface of optimum thickness for the enamel to hold an not chip or crack at a later stage, taking care to protect the surface from being pierced or punctured
	PC9. apply enamel to a hollow surface after removing all moisture to avoid enamel-splitting at the time of firing because of moisture tapped in the hollow or depressed area
	PC10. remove from the surface any grease, oil grime and dust
	PC11. clean or degrease using solvents or acid or cleaning solutions after preparing the surface while avoiding any hand contact with the chemical used







#### Engrave pattern and apply enamel paint

- PC12. crush the required quantities and colours of enamel lumps and grind with mortar into fine powder using mortar and pestel (joy & ewly) and add demineralised (DM) water to the lumps to avoid small particles, ground enamel and debris from being dispersed in air
- PC13. protect eyes and skin from injuries from dispersing debris which may contain glass and other sharp dust particles; Use protective eyewear
- PC14. repeatedly rinse fine powder and grind, adding Nitric acid to water in order to remove impurities
- PC15. take extreme care while rinsing the ground enamel using Nitric acid drops to avoid skin burns or adverse acid reaction
- PC16. transfer finely ground paste to a small dish or container with water at a level slightly higher than the paste
- PC17. check the paste solution for any impurities and water for any floating particles
- PC18. add a few drops of vegetable glue as bonding agent for the paste
- PC19. paint and apply colour on prepared surface using brushes with soft bristles
- PC20. use jigs to hold the jewellery piece securely while painting
- PC21. do not spill over paint during application on different sides of the jewel
- PC22. apply separate colours in separate strokes, i.e., one after another and not all together
- PC23. ensure use of separate brushes and containers for different colours
- PC24. leave the painted surface for a few minutes to dry
- PC25. take care not to drop the jewellery piece after painting
- PC26. place the painted jewellery piece in the kiln or oven or furnace using stainless steel mesh for firing or use gas torch at recommended temperature for the enamel
- PC27. remove the jewellery from the kiln or oven or furnace or gas torch as soon as the colour melts and flows
- PC28. leave it to cool to room temperature
- PC29. check the jewel for excess enamel and remove using Hydrofluoric acid
- PC30. take extreme precaution while sing Hydrofluoric acid against inhalation, skin burns or skin contact;
- PC31. always keep soda-ash-water solution ready in the work area, to be used upon contact with Hydrofluoric acid
- PC32. re-fire the jewel for finish as per design, repeat if necessary
- PC33. remove jewel from kiln, oven, furnace or gas torch and leave to cool
- PC34. finish the surface with grinder and cutter to remove uneven enamel and gold
- PC35. rinse with Hydrofluoric acid for uniform spread of enamel applied
- PC36. re-fire for glossy finish
- PC37. dry after every rinsing cycle and cool after each firing
- PC38. use resin colours for non-traditional, i.e., non-Jaipuri or non-Bikaneri, style of enamelling
- PC39. achieve symmetry of design to be engraved or etched for applying enamel
- PC40. achieve smooth finish of enamel paint as per design
- PC41. ensure no overflow or excess enamel at the edges of the painted area
- PC42. ensure that enamel prepared with no impurities
- PC43. ensure no chipping or cracking enamel
- PC44. prepare surface of thickness and evenness for long term enamel adhesion







G&J/N0905	Engrave pattern and apply enamel paint
	PC45. fire at right temperature for the enamel to flow and set PC46. achieve colour, vibrancy and gloss as per design PC47. achieve hazard-free output after using acids and chemicals
Checking quality	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to: PC48. inform supervisor if product has arrived with polishing, cleaning, filing or linking defect from previous processes PC49. understand the type of defect and send to relevant goldsmith PC50. report impractical design PC51. use needle to check for chipped or cracked enamel after final firing PC52. in case it is chipped or cracked, leave the jewel in Hydrofluoric acid for 24-72 hour in order to remove the enamel completely and repeat the process PC53. check weight and dimensions of jewellery as per design PC54. return the completed enamelled jewel to supervisor or senior PC55. deliver enamelled frame on time by reporting problems faced or anticipated well in advance
Knowledge and Unders	standing (K)
A. Organizational Context (Knowledge of the company / organization and its processes)	The individual on the job needs to know and understand:  KA1. company's policies on: Acceptable limits of gold loss per product type; delivery timelines; safety and hazards; security; and personnel management  KA2. work flow involved in company's jewellery manufacturing process, i.e., from one goldsmith to another  KA3. importance of the individual's role in the workflow  KA4. reporting structure
B. Technical Knowledge	The individual on the job needs to know and understand:  KB1. drawing designs and engraving  KB2. jewellery making process and types of jewellery (product, styles, regional, traditional, making technique)  KB3. types of enamel, such as transparent, opaque and opal or translucent and their properties: Transparent and opaque easier to apply than opal  KB4. hard (firing at 750°C), medium (600-750°C) and soft (<650°C)enamels  KB5. enamel available in lumps (longer shelf life), powder and paste forms  KB6. choice of mortar and Prestel for grinding powder such as hardened steel, agate, stone that do not leave residue while grinding  KB7. expansion and shrinkage rates of gold alloy used and that of the enamels used  KB8. adverse effect of very thin base surface, poorly prepared surface or moisture on enamelling outcome  KB9. adverse effect of dust and impurities in enamel or on base surface on the outcome  KB10. recommended temperatures for different categories of enamel  KB11. use of highly hazardous acids and chemicals such as Nitric acid or Hydrofluoric acids and safeguards  KB12. filing and soldering







Gem & Jewellery Skill Council of India	National Occupational Standards / Corporation
G&J/N0905	Engrave pattern and apply enamel paint
Skills (S) [Optional]	
A. Core Skills/	Basic reading and writing skills
Generic Skills	The individual on the job needs to know and understand how:
	SA1. to read notes and put notes on design
	SA2. to read company policy documents
	SA3. to read about enamelling and jewellery making techniques
	Calculation and Geometry skills
	The individual on the job needs to know and understand how:
	SA4. to assess gold loss at each step of jewellery making so as to deliver product of
	correct weight and size
	SA5. to translate design into enamel painted jewellery
	Teamwork and multitasking
	The individual on the job needs to know and understand how:
	SA6. to share work load with other setters as per capability and work load
	SA7. to deliver the enamelled jewellery on time
B. Professional Skills	Painting
	The individual on the job needs to know and understand how:
	SB1. to use creativity while painting layers of different colours of enamel
	SB2. to enamel keeping in mind the requirements of finish, longevity of colour and
	utility of the design
	Using tools and consumables
	The individual on the job needs to know and understand how:
	SB3. to use demineralised water for grinding, washing and rinsing enamel
	SB4. to use vegetable glue such as pomegranate seeds for bonding the enamel paste
	SB5. to use Nitric acid to rinse ground enamel through drop bottles
	SB6. to use Hydrofluoric acid to wash and remove excess enamel and achieve
	smooth finish
	SB7. to use polypropylene steel containers to handle acids
	SB8. to use mortar and pestel to break and grind enamel lumps into fine powder and grinding stones
	SB9. to use porcelain and steel dishes for holding enamel paste during application
	SB10. to use fine bristled brushes for painting
	SB11. to use chisels and graves for preparing the base gold surface
	SB12. to use temperature controlled kilns, ovens or furnaces for firing and steel wire
	mesh for putting the jewel for firing
	SB13. to use tongs, holders, spatula, plates, ceramic blocks and asbestos boards
	SB14. to understand hazards involved with chemicals, furnaces and tools used
	Reducing precious-metal loss
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:

SB15. how to reduce precious metal loss below the prescribed standards SB16. how to collect broken pieces, account in job sheet and return







G&J/N0905	Engrave pattern and apply enamel paint
	SB17. how to follow company's policies on collecting gold dust and fragments
	SB18. how to suggest improvements in order to reduce precious metal loss limits
	Reflective thinking
	The individual on the job needs to know and understand how:
	SB19. to improve work processes
	SB20. use correct posture for performing the job without injuring body parts
	SB21. to reduce gold loss and rework because of chipped or cracked enamel
	Critical thinking
	The individual on the job needs to know and understand how:
	SB22. to spot process disruptions and delays







# Engrave pattern and apply enamel paint

NOS Code	G&J/N0905		
Credits(NSQF) [OPTIONAL]	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Gems & Jewellery	Drafted on	24/08/13
Industry Sub-sector	Handmade Gold and Gems-set Jewellery	Last reviewed on	13/08/14
		Next review date	12/08/15

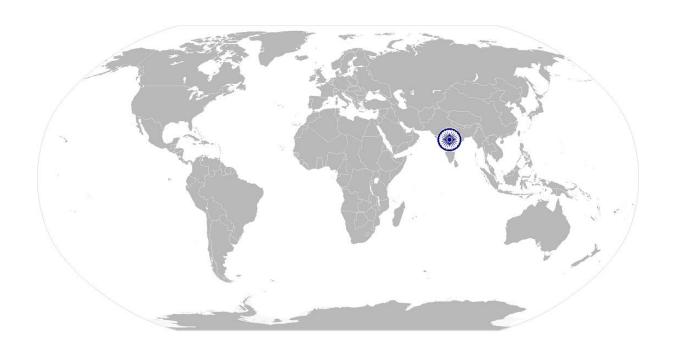






Set gemstones using Jadau technique and string gemstones

# **National Occupational** Standard



# **Overview**

This unit is about setting gemstones, mainly, flat diamonds (or polki diamonds) in the jewellery frame using silver foil and kundan (24K gold) foil; it is also about stringing gemstones on to the jewellery frame.







# Set gemstones using Jadau technique and string gemstones

Unit Code	G&J/N0803
Unit Title (Task)	Set flat diamonds or gemstones using Jadau technique and string gemstones to jewellery frame
Description	This OS unit is about using the Jadau setting technique for setting gemstones, mainly, flat diamonds (or polki diamonds) in the jewellery frame using silver foil and kundan (24K gold) foil; it is also about stringing gemstones on to the jewellery frame
Scope	<ul> <li>Receive sorted polki-diamonds or glass, gemstones and jewellery frame for setting</li> <li>Set polki and other gemstone stones</li> <li>String gemstones beads on along the lower periphery of the frame</li> <li>File excess gold around gemstone setting</li> <li>Detect product defects</li> <li>Check quality and report problems</li> </ul>

# Performance Criteria(PC) w.r.t. the Scope

Terrormance entertain. Cy minist the stope		
Element	Performance Criteria	
Jadau setting	To be competent, the user/individual on the polymust be able to: PC1. understand different shapes, sizes and colour of stones PC2. match stones in the bag with design PC3. understand the closed setting requirement, i.e., with enamel on back side or without PC4. for polki-jadau setting, fill the empty collet on frame with molten wax PC5. polish silver foil with Agate and apply on the back side of the polki stone with hot wax; cut off excess foil from the side PC6. place the polki-silver assembly on the hot wax and press with solder so that the stone is set in place PC7. use layers of 24K gold foil to press around the polki-silver assembly for secure setting PC8. for other gemstone setting, set the jewellery frame on lac or wax coated wooden plate PC9. set stones in the collet or channel or ring as per design PC10. boil in hot water to remove lac and achieve clean surface PC11. receive the bag of beads to be used for lining the jewellery PC12. fit and secure the gemstone using the wire drawn and joined together PC13. string the set gemstones using thin gold wire PC14. link the assembled gemstone to the jewellery frame by soldering PC15. understand design requirements such as correct length of jadau, prong, bend, colour, evenness PC16. file or cut sharp edges of prongs PC17. grind for smooth surface PC18. avoid over filing PC19. achieve required shine for polki setting	







G&J/N0803	Set gemstones using Jadau technique and string gemstones
	PC20. achieve flawless setting as per design requirement PC21. achieve even colour of stones set, i.e., no discolouration or breakage during setting PC22. set stones securely PC23. stringing is even and secure PC24. avoid damage to the rest of the frame during the process of setting PC25. achieve productivity as per target PC26. complete work with minimum hazards and accidents
Quality checking	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to: PC27. inform supervisor if product has arrived with polishing, cleaning, filing or linking defect from previous processes PC28. understand the type of defect and send to relevant goldsmith PC29. check visually in for any defects such as loose stone, tilted setting, marks, blank spaces PC30. check weight and dimensions of jewellery as per design PC31. remove and re-set stone again if returned from QC PC32. report tools shortage and their maintenance related issues PC33. identify an report reasons for anticipated delays that may adversely affect delivery PC34. deliver stones set jewellery in time by reporting problems faced or anticipated well in advance
Knowledge and Unders	
A. Organizational Context (Knowledge of the company / organization and its processes)	<ul> <li>The individual on the job needs to know and understand:</li> <li>KA1. company's policies on: Acceptable limits of gold loss per product type; delivery timelines; safety and hazards; security; and personnel management</li> <li>KA2. work flow involved in company's jewellery manufacturing process (from one goldsmith to another)</li> <li>KA3. importance of the individual's role in the workflow</li> <li>KA4. reporting structure</li> </ul>
B. Technical Knowledge	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: KB1. sorting similar shapes and size of stones as per design KB2. 4Cs, i.e., colour, cut, clarity and carat KB3. handmade jewellery making process KB4. types of close set jewellery and jadau styles such as Jaipuri/ Bikaneri, Amritsari, Delhi KB5. uses of different types of tools and techniques for gemstone setting KB6. different types of polki or flat diamonds and glass KB7. different types of wax and their use in jewellery making KB8. basic properties of gemstones and effect of reaction to pressure, heat and chemicals KB9. gold alloy properties for securing and rework, i.e., which alloy allows rework KB10. filing and soldering







A. Core Skills/ Generic Skills  Basic reading and writing skills  The individual on the job needs to know and understand how: SA1. to read notes and put notes on design			
Generic Skills The individual on the job needs to know and understand how:			
SA2. to use technology such as computer for visual aid or improving efficiency			
Measuring and Geometry skills			
The individual on the job needs to know and understand how:  SA3. to assess precious metal loss at each step of jewellery making so as to deliv	r		
product of correct weight and size			
SA4. to translate design into gems-set jewellery			
SA5. to set the stone into collet at correct angle for secure and tilt-free placing  Teamwork and multitasking			
The individual on the job needs to know and understand how:  SA6. to share work load with other setters as per capability and work load			
SA7. to deliver frame to next work process on time			
B. Professional Skills Reading design			
The individual on the job needs to know and understand how:			
SB1. to set stones as per design			
	SB2. to spot difficulties with respect to practicality of design		
	Using tools		
	The individual on the job needs to know and understand how:		
SB3. to use the right hand tools for achieving secure setting as per design SB4. to use tools so that they do not damage jewellery frame or gemstones			
SB5. to use tools such as: hammer, tweezers, graver, scoop, wooden plates with	ac.		
gas torches, table light, needles, burrs, files and soldering system	,		
SB6. to understand safety and hazards involved in using tools			
Reducing precious metal loss			
The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:			
SB7. prescribed precious metal loss for the entire jewellery piece SB8. precious-metal loss applicable for setting			
SB9. how to reduce precious metal loss below the prescribed standards			
SB10. how to follow company's policies on collecting gold dust and fragments			
SB11. how to account in job sheet and return			
SB12. how to suggest improvements in order to reduce precious metal loss limits			
Reflective thinking	Reflective thinking		
The individual on the job needs to know and understand how:			
SB13. to improve work processes			
SB14. to work with good posture in a sitting position SB15. maintain clean work environment and organise tools for ease of use			
Critical thinking			
The individual on the job needs to know and understand how:  SB16. to spot process disruptions and delays			







# Set gemstones using Jadau technique and string gemstones

NOS Code	G&J/N0803		
Credits(NSQF) [OPTIONAL]	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Gems & Jewellery	Drafted on	24/08/13
Industry Sub-sector	Handmade Gold and Gems-set Jewellery	Last reviewed on	13/08/14
		Next review date	12/08/15





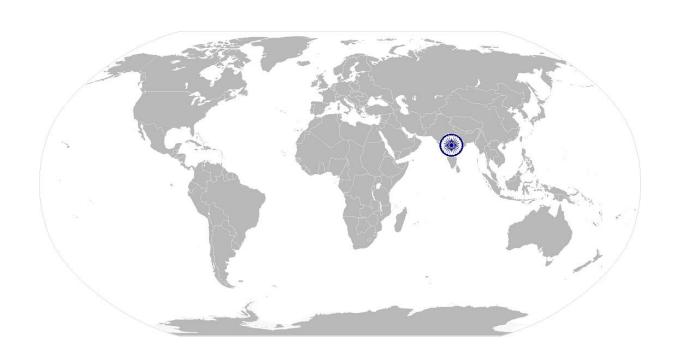






Maintain IPR and respect copyright

# **National Occupational** Standard



# **Overview**

This unit is about and respecting intellectual property rights (IPR) of the company's products and designs and avoiding infringement on copyrights of others.







G&J/N9910 Maintain IPR and respect copyright

G&J/N9910	Maintain IPR and respect copyright		
Unit Code	G&J/N9910		
Unit Title (Task)	Respect IPR of company as well as competitors		
Description	This OS unit is about maintaining company's IPR and avoiding infringement on copyright of others		
Scope	This unit/task covers the following:		
	<ul> <li>Protect company's Intellectual Property Rights (IPR)</li> <li>Avoid infringement to copyright of other companies</li> </ul>		
Performance Criteria(P	C) w.r.t. the Scope		
Element	Performance Criteria		
Respecting IPR  Knowledge and Unders	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to: PC1. prevent leak of new designs to competitors by reporting on time PC2. spot any infringement of company's product or design patents PC3. report IPR violations observed in the market, to supervisor or company heads PC4. read copyright clause of the material published on the internet and any other printed material PC5. consult supervisor or senior management when in doubt about using publicly available information PC6. report any infringement observed in the company PC7. spot plagiarism and report PC8. understand rationale of patents and IPR PC9. avoid being involved in IPR violations  standing (K)		
A. Organizational Context	The individual on the job needs to know and understand: KA1. company's policies on IPR, plagiarism and order leaks KA2. company's patented products KA3. market trends and company's unique product range KA4. reporting structure		
B. Technical Knowledge	The individual on the job needs to know and understand:  KB1. basics of patents and IPR laws  KB2. how IPR protection is important for competitiveness of a company		
Skills (S) [Optional]			
A. Core Skills/	Communication skills		
Generic Skills	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how:  SA1. to effectively communicate any observed IPR violations or design leaks		
B. Professional Skills	Decision making		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand when and how:  SB1. to report sources of IPR violations		







# G&J/N9910 Maintain IPR and respect copyright

- G 660/11/2/10	wantam ii k and respect copyright
	Reflective thinking
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how:
	SB2. to learn from past mistakes and report IPR violations on time
	Critical thinking
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how:
	SB3. to spot signs of violations and alert authorities in time







# Maintain IPR and respect copyright

NOS Code	G&J/N9910		
Credits(NSQF) [OPTIONAL]	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Gems & Jewellery	Drafted on	24/08/13
Industry Sub-sector	Handmade Gold and Gems-set Jewellery	Last reviewed on	13/08/14
		Next review date	12/08/15

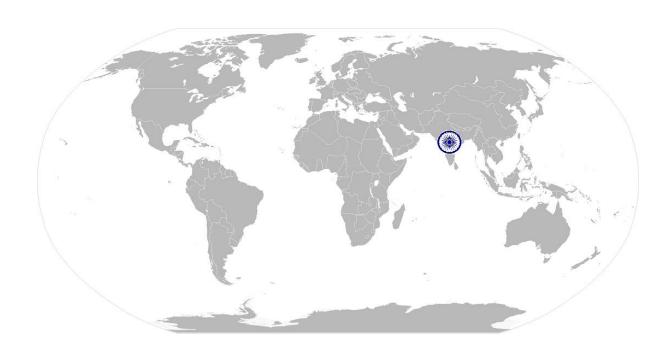






Coordinate with co-workers

# National Occupational Standard



# **Overview**

This unit is about the artisan or bench worker's level of communication with colleagues or clients. It determines the goldsmith's ability to work as a team member, share work and multi-task in order to achieve the required deliverables on schedule.



# National Occupational Standards



#### G&J/N9912

#### Coordinate with co-workers

G&J/N9912	Coordinate with co-workers
Unit Code	G&J/N9912
Unit Title (Task)	Interact with colleagues and seniors
Description	This OS unit is about communicating with colleagues and seniors in order to maintain smooth ad hazards free work flow
Scope	This unit/task covers the following:
	Interact with supervisor
	Interact with colleagues within and outside the department
Performance Criteria(P	C) w.r.t. the Scope
Element	Performance Criteria
Interaction with	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:
supervisor	PC1. receive and understand work instructions from reporting superior
	PC2. communicate to reporting supervisor about process flow improvements, product defects received from previous process, repairs and maintenance of tools and machinery as required
	PC3. communicate any potential hazards or expected process disruptions
	PC4. handover completed work to supervisor
	PC5. understand the work output requirements
	PC6. comply with company policy and rule
	PC7. deliver quality work on time as required by reporting any anticipated reasons for delays
Interactions with	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:
colleagues and other departments	PC8. work as a team with colleagues and share work as per their or own work load and skills
	PC9. work with colleagues of other departments such as frame making or
	component making or polishing or setting or stores
	PC10. communicate an discuss work flow related difficulties in order to find solutions with mutual agreement
	PC11. receive feedback from QC and rework in order to complete work on time
	PC12. put team over individual goals
	PC13. resolve conflicts and multi-task
Knowledge and Unders	
A. Organizational	The individual on the job needs to know and understand:
Context	KA1. company's policies on personnel management
(Knowledge of the	KA2. work flow involved in company's jewellery manufacturing process
company /	KA3. importance of the individual's role in the workflow
organization and	KA4. reporting structure
its processes)	







# **Coordinate with co-workers**

В	Technical	The individual on the job needs to know and understand:
Knowledge		KB1. how to communicate effectively
		KB2. how to build team coordination
SI	cills (S) [Optional]	
A	. Core Skills/	Teamwork and some multitasking
	Generic Skills	The individual on the job needs to know and understand how:
		SA1. to share work load as required
		SA2. to deliver product to next work process on time
В	Professional Skills	Decision making
		The individual on the job needs to know and understand:
		SB1. how to report potential areas of disruptions to work process
		SB2. when to report to supervisor and when to deal with a colleague depending on
		the type of concern
		Reflective thinking
		The individual on the job needs to know and understand:
		SB5. how to improve work process
		Critical thinking
		The individual on the job needs to know and understand:
		SB6. how to spot process disruptions and delays







#### **Coordinate with co-workers**

NOS Code	G&J/N9912		
Credits(NSQF) [OPTIONAL]	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Gems & Jewellery	Drafted on	24/08/13
Industry Sub-sector	Handmade Gold and Gems-set Jewellery	Last reviewed on	13/08/14
		Next review date	12/08/15

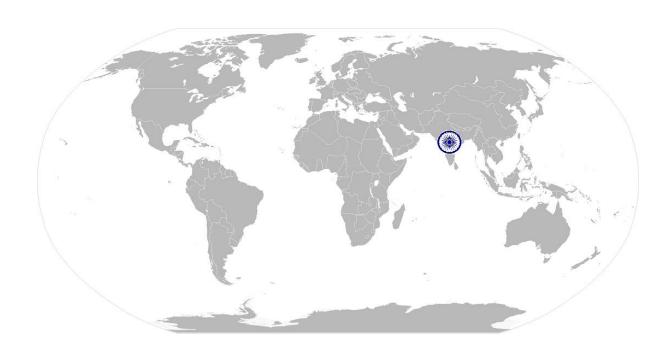






Maintain safe work environment

# National Occupational Standard



# **Overview**

This unit is about the artisan or bench worker's commitment towards reporting potential hazards and containing accidents in order to make the work environment safe for self and colleagues.



# National Occupational Standards



#### G&J/N9914

#### Maintain safe work environment

003/11//14	Manual Sale Wolf Change			
Unit Code	G&J/N9914			
Unit Title (Task)	Work towards having a safe work environment			
Description	This OS unit is about being aware of and communicating potential hazards and dangers of accidents on the job			
Scope	This unit/task covers the following:			
	Understand potential sources of accidents			
	Communicate to reporting supervisor about hazards in time			
Performance Criteria(P	C) w.r.t. the Scope			
Element	Performance Criteria			
Understanding of potential sources of accidents and communicating	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:  PC1. avoid accidents related to use of potentially dangerous chemicals, gas torches, sharp tools and hazards from machines  PC2. suggest process flow improvements to reduce anticipated or repetitive hazards			
	PC3. report mishandling of tools, machines or hazardous materials PC4. identify electrical problems that could result in accident PC5. spot and report potential hazards on time			
	PC6. follow company policy and rules regarding hazardous materials PC7. deliver quality work on time as required by reporting any anticipated reasons for delays			
Knowledge and Unders	standing (K)			
A. Organizational Context (Knowledge of the company / organization and its processes)	<ul> <li>The individual on the job needs to know and understand:</li> <li>KA1. company's policies on handling: harmful chemicals and sharp tools, safety and hazards of machines, fire safety and, disposal of harmful chemicals and materials</li> <li>KA2. work flow involved in company's jewellery manufacturing process</li> <li>KA3. importance of the individual's role in the workflow</li> <li>KA4. reporting structure</li> </ul>			
B. Technical Knowledge	The individual on the job needs to know and understand:  KB1. how different chemicals react and what could be the danger from them  KB2. how to use machines and tools without causing bodily harm  KB3. fire safety education  KB4. disposal of hazardous chemicals, tools and materials by following prescribed environmental norms or as per company policy			
Skills (S) [Optional]				
A. Core Skills/	Communication skills			
Generic Skills	The individual on the job needs to know and understand how:  SA1. to effectively communicate the danger			







# Maintain safe work environment

B. Professional Skills	Decision making			
	The individual on the job needs to know and understand:			
	SB1. importance of reporting potential sources of danger			
	SB2. appropriate actions to be taken in the event of an accident			
	SB3. process for disposing of hazardous materials, safely and following			
	environmental guidelines			
	Deflective thinking			
	Reflective thinking			
	The individual on the job needs to know and understand how:			
	SB4. to learn from past mistakes regarding use of hazardous machines or			
	chemicals or gas torches			
	Critical thinking			
	The individual on the job needs to know and understand:			
	SB5. how to spot danger			
	SB6. procedures to follow in the event of a fire or other hazard			







#### **Maintain safe work environment**

NOS Code	G&J/N9914		
Credits(NSQF) [OPTIONAL]	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Gems & Jewellery	Drafted on	24/08/13
Industry Sub-sector	Handmade Gold and Gems-set Jewellery	Last reviewed on	13/08/14
		Next review date	12/08/15





Keywords /Terms	Description		
Sector	Sector is a conglomeration of different business operations having similar business and interests. It may also be defined as a distinct subset of the economy whose components share similar characteristics and interests.		
Sub-sector	Sub-sector is derived from a further breakdown based on the characteristics and interests of its components.		
Occupation	Occupation is a set of job roles, which perform similar/ related set of functions in an industry.		
Function	Function is an activity necessary for achieving the key purpose of the sector, occupation, or an area of work, which can be carried out by a person or a group of persons. Functions are identified through functional analysis and form the basis of OS.		
Sub-function	Sub-functions are sub-activities essential to fulfil the achieving the objectives of the function.		
Job role	Job role defines a unique set of functions that together form a unique employment opportunity in an organisation.		
Occupational Standards (OS)	OS specify the standards of performance an individual must achieve when carrying out a function in the workplace, together with the knowledge and understanding they need to meet that standard consistently. Occupational Standards are applicable both in the Indian and global contexts.		
Performance Criteria	Performance criteria are statements that together specify the standard of performance required when carrying out a task.		
National Occupational NOS are occupational standards which apply uniquely in the Standards (OS) context.			
Qualifications Pack (QP)			
Unit Code	Unit code is a unique identifier for an Occupational Standard, which is denoted by an 'N'		
Unit Title	Unit title gives a clear overall statement about what the incumbent should be able to do.		
Description	Description gives a short summary of the unit content. This would be helpful to anyone searching on a database to verify that this is the appropriate OS they are looking for.		
Scope	Scope is a set of statements specifying the range of variables that an individual may have to deal with in carrying out the function which have a critical impact on quality of performance required.		
Knowledge and Understanding	Knowledge and understanding are statements which together specify the technical, generic, professional and organisational specific knowledge that an individual needs in order to perform to the required standard.		
Organisational Context	Organisational context includes the way the organisation is structured and how it operates, including the extent of operative knowledge managers have of their relevant areas of responsibility.		
Technical Knowledge	Technical knowledge is the specific knowledge needed to accomplish		





	specific designated responsibilities.		
Core Skills/ Generic Skills	Core skills or generic skills are a group of skills that are the key to learning and working in today's world. These skills are typically needed in any work environment in today's world. These skills are typically needed in any work environment. In the context of the OS, these include communication related skills that are applicable to most job roles.		
Keywords /Terms	Description		
IPR	Intellectual Property Rights		
NOS	National Occupational Standard(s)		
NVQF National Vocational Qualifications Framework			
NSQF National Qualifications Framework			
NVEQF National Vocational Education Qualifications Framework			
QP	Qualifications Pack		

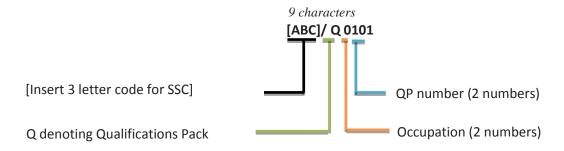




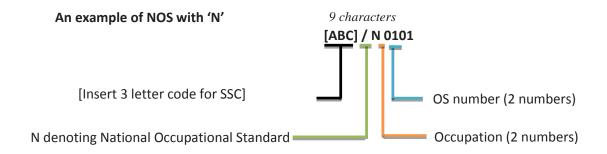
# **Annexure**

# **Nomenclature for QP and NOS**

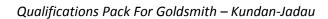
#### **Qualifications Pack**



# **Occupational Standard**



Back to top...







The following acronyms/codes have been used in the nomenclature above:

Sub-sector	Range of Occupation numbers	
Handmade gold and gems-set jewellery	01-20	
Cast and diamond-set jewellery	21-40	
Diamond processing	41-60	
Gemstone processing	61-80	
Jewellery retailing	81-98	

Sequence	Description	Example	
Three letters	Industry name	G&J	
Slash	/	/	
Next letter	Whether <b>Q</b> P or <b>N</b> OS	Q	
Next two numbers	Occupation code	07	
Next two numbers	OS number	02	





#### CRITERIA FOR ASSESSMENT OF TRAINEES

Job Role Qualification Pack Sector Skill Council Goldsmith\_Kundan-Jadau Jewellery Goldsmith\_Kundan-Jadau Jewellery

**GEMS & JEWELLERY** 

To pass the Assessment, a candidate needs to score 50% in Theory and 70% in Practical

		ndidate needs to score 50% in Theory and 70% in Practical		
		ment Strategy		Allocation
NOS	Elements	Performance Criteria	Theory	Practical
		PC1.make components of required dimensions such as size and thickness	1	8
		PC2.make components of required finish and evenness	1	8
		PC3.draw or roll metal without overdrawing or splitting or cracking	0	7
		PC4.anneal the wire, strips and sheets for required malleability for the thickness required	1	7
1. G&J/N0904 Make	Making components and	PC5.limit precious-metal loss of damaged metal rod or wire	1	7
components, frame, Kundan (24K gold) and	frame  frame  Handling problems	PC6.accurately link the ends to form even rings, collets or chains of required dimensions	1	7
Silver foils		PC7.link, solder and file the components into frame of required finish and utility	0	5
		PC8.achieve required flexibility, utility and symmetry of frame as per design	1	4
		PC9.meet productivity target	1	4
		PC10.work with minimum hazards and accidents	1	4
		PC11.deliver complete frames in time by reporting well in advance, any problems faced or anticipated	0	2
		PC1.achieve symmetry of design to be engraved or etched for applying enamel	0	2
		PC2.achieve smooth finish of enamel paint as per design	0	1
		PC3.ensure no overflow or excess enamel at the edges of the painted area	0	1
2. G&J/N0905 Engrave		PC4.ensure that enamel prepared with no impurities	0	1
pattern and apply	Engraving and enamel	PC5.ensure no chipping or cracking enamel	1	0
enamel	painting	PC6.prepare surface of thickness and evenness for long term enamel adhesion	1	0
		PC7.fire at right temperature for the enamel to flow and set	1	0
		PC8.achieve colour, vibrancy and gloss as per design	1	0
		PC9.achieve hazard-free output after using acids and chemicals	0	1





	CRITERIA FOR ASS	SESSMENT OF TRAINEES		
	Handling problems	PC10.deliver enamelled frame on time by reporting problems faced or anticipated well in advance	0	1
	Ţ.	Sub Total	12	70
		PC1.achieve required shine for polki setting	1	0
		PC2.achieve flawless setting as per design requirement	1	0
		PC3.achieve even colour of stones set, i.e., no discolouration or breakage during setting	1	0
	In In the settler	PC4.set stones securely	1	0
3. G&J/N0803 Set	Jadau setting	PC5.stringing is even and secure	1	0
gemstones using Jadau technique and string	Handling problems	PC6.avoid damage to the rest of the frame during the process	1	0
		PC7.achieve productivity as per target	0	0
		PC8.complete work with minimum hazards and accidents	0	0
	Problems handling	PC9.deliver stones set jewellery in time by reporting problems	0	0
	1 Toblems Harlaning		6	0
			1	0
4. G&J/N9910 Maintain			0	0
•		'	0	0
copyright		Faced or anticipated well in advance   Sub Total	1	0
		PC2.achieve flawless setting as per design requirement PC3.achieve even colour of stones set, i.e., no discolouration or breakage during setting PC4.set stones securely PC5.stringing is even and secure PC6.avoid damage to the rest of the frame during the process of setting PC7.achieve productivity as per target PC8.complete work with minimum hazards and accidents PC9.deliver stones set jewellery in time by reporting problems faced or anticipated well in advance  PC1.spot plagiarism and report PC2.understand rationale of patents and IPR PC3.avoid being involved in IPR violations  Sub Total  PC1. Understand the work output requirements PC2. Understand company policy and rule PC3. Deliver quality work on time as required by reporting any anticipated reasons for delays PC4. Put team over individual goals PC5. Conflicts resolution and multi-tasking  PC1. Spot and report potential hazards on time PC2. Follow company policy and rules regarding use of hazardous materials PC3. Deliver quality work on time as required by reporting any anticipated reasons for delays PC3. Deliver quality work on time as required by reporting any anticipated reasons for delays PC3. Deliver quality work on time as required by reporting any anticipated reasons for delays PC3. Deliver quality work on time as required by reporting any anticipated reasons for delays PC3. Deliver quality work on time as required by reporting any anticipated reasons for delays PC3. Deliver quality work on time as required by reporting any anticipated reasons for delays Sub Total	0	2
			0	2
		PC3. Deliver quality work on time as required by reporting any	1	1
IPR and respect copyright	Interactions with		0	1
		-	0	0
	departments	Sub Total	1	6
		PC1. Spot and report potential hazards on time	0	2
6. G&J/N9914 Maintain	sources of accidents and		0	1
safe work environment			0	1
			0	4
		Total	20	80





